

TITLE OF INVENTION: Mail Receptacle

Be it known that I, Brent Joseph Stagnaro, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Arlington, Virginia has invented a new and improved Mail Receptacle of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS: Not Applicable

FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEV.: Not Applicable

REFERENCE TO SEQUENCE LISTING: Not Applicable

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION:

0001. This invention relates generally to receptacles, and more particularly to the type, which receives mail inserted through an opening provided at a door, wall or other related partition. There have been several patents in the past to alleviate the burden of a floor cluttered with mail and the like beneath said opening.

0002. With respect to U.S. Pat. No. 3,802,620 which has been described as a simple frame of two U-shaped members hinged together with cloth forming the basket and supported by chains on either side from the face of the door. This art is cumbersome to the user's ability to enter and exit through the door since the devise must remain fully open at all times to

receive mail. This art also does not contain deep sides for which to contain the mail allowing the possibility for the articles to spill out onto the floor.

0003. With respect to U.S. Pat. No. 2,229,646 it is described as having suction cups for which to adhere to a door thus limiting the type of door this invention can be mounted. Although this devise expands to collect mail, it fails to provide for the need to automatically collapse when the door is in use, thus, hindering the handicapped. In addition, it is probable that articles passed through the door could over shoot the top of the devise allowing the mail to fall to the floor since the device hinges its success on chance rather than a device to direct the mail into its collection chamber.

0004. Other prior art such as U.S. Pat. No. 0,179,761 lacks easy access to retrieve its contents and requires complex attachment to the mail slot. The submitted invention takes all of these problems into account with respect to its overall design.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION:

0001. In general, this invention is to receive and retain mail in a collection area as it passes through a mail opening and thus prohibiting it from striking the floor. This invention clearly accomplishes this basic idea and provides many

additional amenities for the user. Any mail passing through the opening will fall into an expanding collection area due to the art of providing a face-plate extended up in front of the slot for the mail to strike.

0002. Once the mail strikes and pushes against the face-plate a chain reaction of events is initiated. The face-plate begins to rotate about a common pivot point at the base of the box.

Inter-locking plates begin to slide past each other creating an expanding plane on two sides of the receiving area between which the mail is to be collected. The side plates are engaged in a manner which allows them to slide past one another while remaining inter-locked until such a point in rotation when one will stop and hold the adjacent plate in succession until all of the side-plates and the face-plate are extended away from their original collapsed position. The collection area, while expanded, is then able to automatically collapse when the door on which the invention is attached is opened which is a great advantage for handicap accessibility requirements and general convenience to the user. In addition, this devise further helps the handicapped since nothing on the receptacle has to be turned, lifted, or pushed to retrieve the mail and articles from the unit.

0003. Another advantage this invention gives to the handicapped is its slender profile. When closed the unit is only a few inches from the inside face of the door allowing a user in a wheelchair to open and leave through the door easily.

0004. This invention also provides additional security for the user. The unit has permanent sidewalls, which flank the opening of the mail slot preventing a burglar from reaching through the slot with a devise and unlocking the door.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS:

0001. Figure 1 is an axonometric of the invention in the expanded position.

0002. Figure 2 is a front elevation of the invention in the collapsed position.

0003. Figure 3 is a section through the invention in the collapsed position.

0004. Figure 4 is a section through the invention in the extended position.

DRAWING REFERENCE NUMERALS:

1. Encasement plate.
2. Side-plate
3. Contiguous plate.

4. Bottom panel.
5. Face-plate
6. Back panel
7. Screw
8. Mail opening.
9. Guide.
10. Pivot point
11. Door/Wall/partition.
12. Mail in motion.
13. Bolt, rod, rivet, pin or the like.
14. Spacer, washer, or filling piece.
15. Extension piece.
16. Opening.
17. Curved or rounded edge.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION:

0001. Referring to the drawings and the art of the invention in greater detail, the receptacle is mounted to a wall or to a door #11 underneath a mail opening #8 poised to receive mail #12 or other articles as shown in Fig. 3. When the mail #12 passes through the opening in a door #8 by the mail carrier the mail comes into contact with the inside portion of the face-plate #5 being so located as to be directly in front of and equal to the top of the mail slot. The force of the mail #12 pushing

against the face-plate #5 causes it to rotate symmetrically about a pivot point #10 located at the base portion of the receptacle. This pivot point is provided by the means of a bolt, rod, rivet, pin #13, or other means common with the art capable of rendering an equal result.

0002. A fixed side-plate #3 and it's opposite are attached, contiguous, or concurrent to that of the face-plate as to make them one piece. These contiguous side-plates are flanked perpendicularly to that of the face-plate and have a similar shape to that of the inter-locking side-plates #2.

0003. Side-plates #2, the contiguous plate #3 and their opposites are extensible, collapsible, and are able to repeatedly create, maintain, and return a staggered plane between which mail and other articles are retained, as shown in Fig. #1 and #4. These plates are so related as to be inter-locked, as for example, engaged with each other by overlapping and interpenetrating of alternate projections and recesses. And are joined together in such a manner that force applied to one part affects all parts. They have a shape of a larger rounded or curved upper end, converging side edges and a smaller diameter narrower rounded end as shown in Fig. #3 and #4. Let it be understood that the rounded shape at the top of the plates can be ornamentation and can take on a variety of shapes while the

receptacle will function normally. The rod's #13 relation to the side-plates, contiguous plate and their opposites is such that they are allowed to freely rotate while maintaining their position about the pivot point #10 created by the rod #13.

0004. The inter-locking arrangement of plates #2 and #3, the encasement plate #1, and their opposites provides guidance and support while they rotate about the pivot point #10 established at the base of the receptacle. This inter-locking arrangement is such that each side-plate #2 has its own guide #9 located on one side of the plate and an extension piece #15 located on the other. The encasement plate #1 also has a guide #9 located on the side of its wall but lacks the extension piece #15 since it is not needed. The contiguous plate #3 has an extension piece #17 on the side of its plate but lacks the guide #9 since it is also not needed. Each plate in the series of plates will eventually hold in position and limit the rotation of the adjacent plate do to the design of the guide #9 and the placement of the extension pieces. The extension piece of one plate is so located as to be contained between the guide #9 and the inside surface of the adjacent plate. The first side-plate #2 in the series of side-plates engages its extension piece #15 between the encasement plate's guide and the surface of the encasement plate #1 thus beginning the series and providing the

necessary structural support for the plates while they are extended as shown in Fig. #1 and #4.

0005. The guide #9 is attached to the surface of each of the side-plates #2 and encasement plate #1 at two end points creating and maintaining an area for the extension piece #17 to be contained. In elevation, as in Fig. #2, the shape of the guide #9 lends itself to that of an arc of a circle since the parts are in rotation about a central pivot point, which is demonstrated in the preferred embodiment. The guide #9 also lends itself to being parallel to the side-plate #2, which is also demonstrated, in the preferred embodiment. The sectional profile of the guide #9 can take several shapes. A rectangular sectional profile is exhibited in the particular preferred embodiment.

0006. The extension piece #17, which extends itself from the side of plates #2 and #3, can be made in several ways. In the particular preferred embodiment the invention uses the method of pressing the side of the plate as to punch the shape of the extension through the material so to keep it unified, whole, and continuous creating an opening #18 in the side of the plate. The extension piece is pressed as to allow it to pass between the guide #9 and the plate as described above.

0007. The encasement plate #1 in Fig. #4, extends up equal to the top of the opening #8 so to help direct the mail #13 as it enters and travels through the opening. The depth of the encasement plate in the particular preferred embodiment does not extend far from the face of the door as to minimize the sectional profile of the receptacle but this may vary do to the purchaser's needs and should not restrict the overall intent of the invention.

0008. The back panel #6 is attached to the encasement plate #1 and bottom panel #4 and aids in providing a plane for which to contain the mail #12 and other articles especially if the partition #11 to which the receptacle is mounted to does not have a continuous flat surface. The demonstrated preferred embodiment assumes this to be the condition. Openings are then placed through the back panel, which allow screws to pass through so to anchor the receptacle to the partition #11. In the particular preferred embodiment this is provided by the means of a screw #7 as shown in Fig. #1 but may vary depending on the composite material of the partition #11. The bottom panel #4 is the same width as that of the encasement plate #1 and extends the length of the back panel #6 maintaining a continuity about the area retaining the mail #12 as shown in Fig. #3.

0009. In elevation the face-plate #5 is arced at the top portion and its apex is at least equal to the top height of the mail opening as shown in Fig. #2 allowing it to come into contact with the mail #12 as the mail #12 passes through the opening as shown in Fig #3. The edge #17 of the arced portion at the top of the face-plate #5 has the shape of being curved. . The ability to contract the expanded receptacle is based on several mechanical devices inherent in the design of the receptacle the first of which is the arced shape design of the upper portion of the face-plate #5. As the door is opened, the face-plate #5 comes into contact with an adjacent wall or surface and the differing geometries of a flat surface and the angled arced plane of the receptacle reduces the friction allowing the face-plate #5 to slide against the surface.

0010. The second inherent mechanical device allowing the receptacle to collapse is that of the design of the interlocking side plates. Though they are held in place as they rotate about the pivot point #10 they are free to rotate in the opposite direction until such a point as they are fully collapsed.

0011. The face-plate #5 and all of its components can be made out of many different types of materials and or alloys some of